

## 10-3 – The Mexican-American War- Pages 316-325

**Essential Question:** *How did the ideals of manifest destiny and the outcome of the Mexican-American War lead to U.S. expansion to the Pacific Ocean?*

### Main Idea 1:

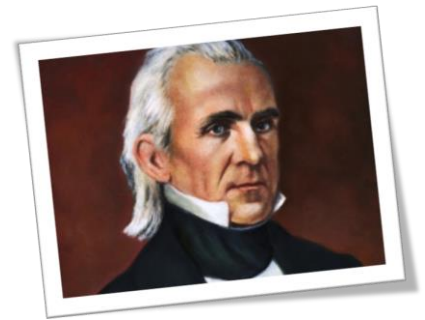
Many Americans believed that the nation had a manifest destiny to claim new lands in the West.

- Americans believed they could build a new, better \_\_\_\_\_ founded on \_\_\_\_\_ principles.
- The United States had a booming \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ in the 1840s.
- Needed more space for \_\_\_\_\_, ranches, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_
- Looked to the \_\_\_\_\_
- Some believed it was \_\_\_\_\_ manifest destiny, or \_\_\_\_\_, to settle all land to the \_\_\_\_\_.
- Question was whether \_\_\_\_\_ would be \_\_\_\_\_ in new \_\_\_\_\_



### Acquiring New Territory

- Democrat \_\_\_\_\_ elected in 1844; favored acquiring \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_



### Oregon

- Polk avoided war with \_\_\_\_\_ over \_\_\_\_\_ and negotiated treaty for land south of \_\_\_\_\_ parallel
- Oregon organized as \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_

### Texas

- Texas \_\_\_\_\_ in 1845, but this action \_\_\_\_\_ Mexico



## California under Mexico

- Mexico had lost \_\_\_\_\_ but controlled other \_\_\_\_\_ in the present-day Southwest—\_\_\_\_\_, Arizona, \_\_\_\_\_, and California.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ system was important in \_\_\_\_\_, carrying out huge \_\_\_\_\_ and ranching operations using \_\_\_\_\_ labor.
- While working at the \_\_\_\_\_, many California \_\_\_\_\_ who labored at the missions \_\_\_\_\_ of European \_\_\_\_\_.
- In \_\_\_\_\_, Mexico won its \_\_\_\_\_ from \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Mexican officials \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ system.
- Land \_\_\_\_\_ given to \_\_\_\_\_ California \_\_\_\_\_
- Created vast \_\_\_\_\_, or \_\_\_\_\_
- Worked by \_\_\_\_\_, or \_\_\_\_\_
- About 3,200 \_\_\_\_\_, or \_\_\_\_\_, were in \_\_\_\_\_ in the early 1820s.
- \_\_\_\_\_, settlers from the \_\_\_\_\_, started to arrive in \_\_\_\_\_ numbers. They began calling for \_\_\_\_\_.

## Mexican-American War

### Conflict Breaks Out

- The \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ were engaged in border \_\_\_\_\_.
- \_\_\_\_\_ went to Mexico to try to buy \_\_\_\_\_ and California for \_\_\_\_\_. Mexican officials \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ to him.
- Polk ordered General \_\_\_\_\_ and his \_\_\_\_\_ into the border region around the \_\_\_\_\_ in 1846.
- U.S. troops \_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_ in April.

### War Begins

- Congress declared \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ in April.
- Taylor's forces won \_\_\_\_\_ south of the Rio Grande in \_\_\_\_\_.
- General \_\_\_\_\_ seized control of \_\_\_\_\_

### Bear Flag Revolt

#### Settlers

- Only about \_\_\_\_\_ Americans were in \_\_\_\_\_ in 1846, in contrast to about \_\_\_\_\_ Californios.



## Revolt

- Americans seized \_\_\_\_\_ and declared \_\_\_\_\_ to be an independent \_\_\_\_\_ on June 14, starting the \_\_\_\_\_.

## John C. Frémont

- Frémont, leader of a U.S. Army \_\_\_\_\_ expedition, entered \_\_\_\_\_ to support its \_\_\_\_\_.

## U.S. Forces

- U.S. naval and \_\_\_\_\_ forces \_\_\_\_\_ California in June 1846 and claimed \_\_\_\_\_ for the \_\_\_\_\_.

## War's End

### Buena Vista

- General Taylor's forces \_\_\_\_\_ the Mexican army under \_\_\_\_\_ at Buena Vista in February 1847.
- The Mexican \_\_\_\_\_ had \_\_\_\_\_ overnight.
- It was a \_\_\_\_\_ battle with heavy \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ sides.

### Veracruz

- General Winfield Scott's forces \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ in March 1847.
- Veracruz was the \_\_\_\_\_ fortress in \_\_\_\_\_.

### Mexico City

- Scott's troops took \_\_\_\_\_ in September 1847 after a brave \_\_\_\_\_ by Mexican \_\_\_\_\_.

## Main Idea 2:

As a result of the Mexican-American War, the United States added territory in the Southwest.

- Treaty of \_\_\_\_\_ officially \_\_\_\_\_ the war in 1848
- The treaty \_\_\_\_\_ size of United States by almost \_\_\_\_\_ percent
- Mexican \_\_\_\_\_ included present-day \_\_\_\_\_, Nevada, and \_\_\_\_\_, and parts of \_\_\_\_\_, New Mexico, \_\_\_\_\_, and Wyoming
- Mexicans in the \_\_\_\_\_ areas were "\_\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_\_ enjoyment of their \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, and secured in the \_\_\_\_\_ exercise of their \_\_\_\_\_."
- Also included area \_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_ north of Rio Grande
- In the \_\_\_\_\_ Purchase of 1853, the United States paid \_\_\_\_\_ for southern parts of present-day \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ Purchase \_\_\_\_\_ the United States.
  - It secured a southern \_\_\_\_\_ for a \_\_\_\_\_ railroad on \_\_\_\_\_ soil.

### Main Idea 3:

**American settlement in the Mexican Cession produced conflict and a blending of cultures.**

#### Surge of American Settlers

- Americans \_\_\_\_\_ into the \_\_\_\_\_.
- New \_\_\_\_\_ battled longtime \_\_\_\_\_ to control \_\_\_\_\_, water, and \_\_\_\_\_.
- Most \_\_\_\_\_, Mexican Americans, and \_\_\_\_\_ faced \_\_\_\_\_, economic, and social \_\_\_\_\_ from settlers.

#### Cultural Encounters

- Different \_\_\_\_\_ shaped one another in the \_\_\_\_\_ despite \_\_\_\_\_.
- Names of places showed \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ heritage.
- \_\_\_\_\_ and Native American \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ also shaped many local \_\_\_\_\_.

### Check out some of Mexico's influence in the name of many cities in California!

#### ► Some names are spiritual:

Los Angeles – the  Sacramento – sacrament Merced – mercy

#### ► Others are based on the local flora and fauna:

<u>El Cerrito</u> – the little hill	Vacaville – cow town	Milpitas – corn fields
Campo – field	Los Osos – the bears	Paso Robles – pass of the oaks
Calabasas – pumpkins	Las Flores – the flowers	Borrego Springs – lamb springs
Fresno – ash tree	Dos Palos – two sticks	Madera – wood
Salinas – salt ponds	Alcatraz – pelican	Sausalito – small willow grove

#### ► Some are historical:

Oroville – gold town Mission Viejo – old mission Corona – crown



#### ► Some tell you nice things about the landscape:

La Mesa – the table	Linda – beautiful	Buena Vista – good view
Chula Vista – cool view	Campo – field	El Sobrante – the surplus

#### ► Others are more mysterious:

Escondido – hidden El Cajon – the drawer/box Chico – boy, or small