

13-1 – Immigrants and Urban Challenges- Pages 400-404

Essential Question: *What caused the population of the United States to grow rapidly in the early 1800's?*

Main Idea 1:

Millions of immigrants, mostly German and Irish, arrived in the United States despite anti-immigrant movements.

- Large _____ of _____ crossed the _____ in the mid-_____ to begin new _____ in the United States.
- More than _____ came between _____ and _____, mostly from _____.
- More than _____ of them were from _____ and _____.

Push-Pull Factors of Immigration

Push Factors

- _____
- _____
- Lack of political freedom

Pull Factors

- _____
- Greater freedom and equality
- _____



Immigrants from Ireland and Germany

Irish Immigrants

- There was a flood of _____ immigrants entering the _____ in the mid-_____
 - Caused by a _____ blight in _____ that led to _____ and _____
- _____ were very _____.
- Settled in _____ in Massachusetts, _____, New York, _____
- Men _____ at _____ jobs or by building _____ and _____.
- Women _____ as _____ servants for _____ families.

German Immigrants

- In _____, the _____ people staged a _____ against their _____.
- This _____ affected _____ immigration to the U.S. in the late _____.
- Many _____ came to the U.S. to escape _____ for _____ up against the _____.
- Most were _____ class and came for _____ reasons.
- Many became _____ and lived in _____ areas.
- In _____ they had to take _____ jobs, such as _____, seamstresses, _____, servants, _____, and _____.

Anti-Immigration Movements

- Many _____ - _____ Americans _____ losing _____ to immigrants, who might _____ for _____ wages.
- Most _____ were _____ before the new _____.
 - Conflict between _____ and newly arrived _____ immigrants
- Americans who _____ immigration were called _____.
- _____ founded a _____ organization called the _____ - _____ in 1849 to make it _____ for _____ to become _____ or hold public _____.
 - The _____ of the _____ - _____ _____ was a reflection of the _____ of most Americans _____ the wave of _____
 - Most Americans _____ the _____ of immigration on the _____ and _____ of native-born Americans.
 - Wanted to keep _____ and _____ out of _____ office
 - Wanted _____ to live in United States for _____ before becoming _____

Main Idea 2:

Industrialization led to the growth of cities.

- _____ Revolution led to _____ of new _____ in _____
 - Drew _____ Americans and _____ from many _____
- The _____ of cities in the _____ and mid-Atlantic _____ of the U.S. grew _____ during the _____
 - More than _____ of the country's _____ jobs were _____ in these _____.
- _____ Revolution helped to _____ cities and make _____ easier
- Rise of _____ and growth of _____ led to _____ of new _____ class
 - Merchants, _____, professionals, and master _____
 - New _____ level between _____ and _____
- People found _____ and enriched _____ life in _____.
- Cities were _____ and _____ during this time.

Main Idea 3:

American cities experienced urban problems due to rapid growth.

- Many city _____, particularly _____, lived in _____: poorly designed _____ buildings that housed _____ numbers of _____.
- Public services were _____ —no clean _____, public health _____, or _____ way to get rid of _____.
- Cities became _____ of _____ activity, and most had no organized _____ force.
- _____ was a constant and _____ danger in _____ cities.