

**14-2 – Trouble in Kansas- Pages- 445-449**

**Essential Question:** *How did the Kansas-Nebraska Act heighten tensions in the conflict over slavery?*

**Main Idea 1:**

**The debate over the expansion of slavery influenced the election of 1852.**

- \_\_\_\_\_ was \_\_\_\_\_ candidate
- Southern \_\_\_\_\_ trusted \_\_\_\_\_ to represent their \_\_\_\_\_ in the election of \_\_\_\_\_ .
- Promised to honor \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- Whig Party chose Winfield Scott, a \_\_\_\_\_ hero
- \_\_\_\_\_ did not \_\_\_\_\_ Scott because he had not fully \_\_\_\_\_ Compromise of 1850
- \_\_\_\_\_ won \_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_ margin



**Main Idea 2:**

**The Kansas-Nebraska Act allowed voters to allow or prohibit slavery.**

- \_\_\_\_\_ proposed the \_\_\_\_\_ because he wanted to build a \_\_\_\_\_ from \_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_ .
- Douglass introduced a bill in \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ the remainder of \_\_\_\_\_ into two territories—\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- Would allow \_\_\_\_\_ in each \_\_\_\_\_ to decide on \_\_\_\_\_
- Would \_\_\_\_\_ the Missouri Compromise’s \_\_\_\_\_ on \_\_\_\_\_ north of the 36°30’ line
- Antislavery \_\_\_\_\_ were \_\_\_\_\_ that \_\_\_\_\_ territory could be turned into \_\_\_\_\_ territory.
- \_\_\_\_\_ was passed in 1854 with \_\_\_\_\_ support
- Lost in all of the \_\_\_\_\_ was Douglas’s proposed \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ would not \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ of such a \_\_\_\_\_ until 1862.

**Main Idea 3:**

**Pro-slavery and antislavery groups clashed violently in what became known as “Bleeding Kansas.”**

- \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ groups \_\_\_\_\_ supporters to \_\_\_\_\_ since \_\_\_\_\_ vote would decide the \_\_\_\_\_ issue.
- One of the \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ that it brought the \_\_\_\_\_ issue between the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ back into the \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_ voters crossed the \_\_\_\_\_ to vote, allowing their side to \_\_\_\_\_ the vote. The new government created \_\_\_\_\_ laws, including that those who helped \_\_\_\_\_ slaves could be put to \_\_\_\_\_ .
- \_\_\_\_\_ group created a new \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_
- President \_\_\_\_\_ recognized only \_\_\_\_\_ legislature
- \_\_\_\_\_ over \_\_\_\_\_ affected everyone in \_\_\_\_\_ .

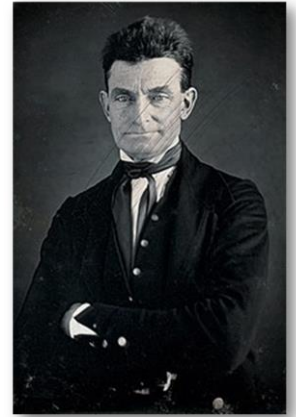
## Bleeding Kansas

### Sack of Lawrence

- \_\_\_\_\_ grand jury \_\_\_\_\_ antislavery \_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_ .
- Proslavery forces \_\_\_\_\_ city of \_\_\_\_\_ , the location of \_\_\_\_\_ leaders.

### John Brown's Response

- Abolitionist \_\_\_\_\_ and his \_\_\_\_\_ led \_\_\_\_\_ supporters in what was called Pottawatomie \_\_\_\_\_ .
  - \_\_\_\_\_ five \_\_\_\_\_ men
- As a result of the Pottawatomie \_\_\_\_\_ , Kansas collapsed into \_\_\_\_\_ and many \_\_\_\_\_ were \_\_\_\_\_ .



### Congress

- Senator \_\_\_\_\_ criticized \_\_\_\_\_ people and \_\_\_\_\_ Senator \_\_\_\_\_ .
- In \_\_\_\_\_ , Representative \_\_\_\_\_ beat Sumner \_\_\_\_\_ ...  
**IN THE SENATE CHAMBERS!!!**



This cartoon shows Preston Brooks beating Charles Sumner with his cane. Sumner is holding up a pen, which represents the law. In effect, the law is protecting his ideas.