

**17-2 – Wars for the West- Pages- 553-559**



**Essential Question:** *In what ways did Native Americans and the U.S. government come into conflict over land in the West?*

**Main Idea 1:**

**As settlers moved to the Great Plains, they encountered the Plains Indians.**

- The U.S. government negotiated \_\_\_\_\_ with Plains Indians in the mid-1800s to \_\_\_\_\_ more western \_\_\_\_\_ for \_\_\_\_\_.
- Plains Indians, including the \_\_\_\_\_, Pawnee, and \_\_\_\_\_, lived by hunting \_\_\_\_\_.
- The most important \_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_ were \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- \_\_\_\_\_ were used for \_\_\_\_\_, shelter, \_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_.
- Conflict \_\_\_\_\_ with the \_\_\_\_\_ as miners and \_\_\_\_\_ increased in \_\_\_\_\_.
- In the 1850's, the U.S. government \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ for any \_\_\_\_\_ that resulted from American \_\_\_\_\_ across Indian \_\_\_\_\_.

**The Struggle for Land**

- The \_\_\_\_\_ recognized Native American \_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_. It allowed the United States to build \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ across Native American \_\_\_\_\_.
- The U.S. government \_\_\_\_\_ new \_\_\_\_\_ after \_\_\_\_\_ was discovered in \_\_\_\_\_ in 1858.
- The discovery of \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_, which brought \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ to the \_\_\_\_\_, heightened \_\_\_\_\_ between the U.S. and American Indians.
- The government \_\_\_\_\_ by sending Native Americans to live on \_\_\_\_\_, areas of \_\_\_\_\_ land set \_\_\_\_\_ for them.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ reason the federal government created \_\_\_\_\_ is the \_\_\_\_\_ had an \_\_\_\_\_ interest in \_\_\_\_\_, cattle ranching, and \_\_\_\_\_, and the \_\_\_\_\_ were in the way.
- The movement of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ across the Great Plains and through Native American hunting \_\_\_\_\_ led to conflict with the \_\_\_\_\_, led by \_\_\_\_\_.
- Most southern Plains Indians \_\_\_\_\_ to go to \_\_\_\_\_ under the 1867 \_\_\_\_\_, but the \_\_\_\_\_ continued to \_\_\_\_\_ until 1875.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ was similar to other \_\_\_\_\_ designed to keep the \_\_\_\_\_ between the U.S. and American Indians because they all had \_\_\_\_\_ success.
- In November 1864, \_\_\_\_\_ chief \_\_\_\_\_ lost about \_\_\_\_\_ men, women, and children when U.S. Army troops \_\_\_\_\_ his camp on \_\_\_\_\_.

## Main Idea 2:

### The U.S. Army and Native Americans fought in the northern plains, the Southwest, and the Far West.

- U.S. troops \_\_\_\_\_ Native Americans to leave other \_\_\_\_\_ when they \_\_\_\_\_ confinement on \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Included \_\_\_\_\_ cavalry called \_\_\_\_\_
- Northern Plains—\_\_\_\_\_ continued with the \_\_\_\_\_ throughout the 1800s.
- Southwest—Fighting led to the \_\_\_\_\_, a 300-mile \_\_\_\_\_ march to a \_\_\_\_\_ during which countless \_\_\_\_\_ died.
  - In 1863, \_\_\_\_\_ led U.S. troops against the \_\_\_\_\_ when they \_\_\_\_\_ to move to a \_\_\_\_\_.
- Far West—The U.S. government \_\_\_\_\_ to let the Nez Perce keep land in \_\_\_\_\_, but they were later \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Most Native Americans had stopped \_\_\_\_\_ by the 1880s, except the \_\_\_\_\_, led by \_\_\_\_\_, who \_\_\_\_\_ until 1886.

## Battles on the Northern Plains

- The \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ in the Black Hills of the \_\_\_\_\_ led to \_\_\_\_\_ between U.S. and \_\_\_\_\_ forces.
- \_\_\_\_\_ troops were \_\_\_\_\_ by Sioux forces led by \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ at the Battle of \_\_\_\_\_, the Sioux's last major \_\_\_\_\_.
- U.S. troops \_\_\_\_\_ about \_\_\_\_\_ Sioux in the \_\_\_\_\_ in 1890.
- The \_\_\_\_\_ was significant because it was the \_\_\_\_\_ major \_\_\_\_\_ of more than \_\_\_\_\_ years of war on the \_\_\_\_\_.

## Main Idea 3:

### Despite efforts to reform U.S. policy toward Native Americans, conflict continued.

- Ghost \_\_\_\_\_ movement
  - Predicted the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ for Native Americans
  - \_\_\_\_\_ by U.S. officials, who \_\_\_\_\_ it would \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_
  - Gradually \_\_\_\_\_ out after the \_\_\_\_\_ in 1890
- \_\_\_\_\_ Winnemucca, a Paiute, lectured on \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ system and called for \_\_\_\_\_ in the \_\_\_\_\_.
- Dawes General \_\_\_\_\_ Act of 1887
  - Made land \_\_\_\_\_ among Native Americans \_\_\_\_\_
  - Tried to lessen \_\_\_\_\_ influences of Native American \_\_\_\_\_ so as to \_\_\_\_\_ them to \_\_\_\_\_ the ways of white people
  - Ended up \_\_\_\_\_ about \_\_\_\_\_ of Native American \_\_\_\_\_

## Reasons for Conflict

- The \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ between American Indians and western settlers can be \_\_\_\_\_ on American Indians' desire to \_\_\_\_\_ their hunting \_\_\_\_\_ despite moving to \_\_\_\_\_.
- The conflict of \_\_\_\_\_ most responsible for \_\_\_\_\_ between American Indians and the U.S. government was that American Indians held \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_ while the U.S. insisted upon \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_.