

20-2 – The Spanish-American War- Pages 646-651

Essential Question: Why did the United States expand into new parts of the world as a result of the Spanish-American War?

Main Idea 1:

Americans supported aiding Cuba in its struggle against Spain.

- Cubans _____ against _____.
- Conflict widely _____ in U.S. _____, especially by publishers _____ and _____.
- Americans _____ the _____.
- Printed _____ with _____ stories
- Exaggerating news _____ in order to _____ newspapers is called _____.
- It was _____ because two _____ newspapers were _____ for readers, and their _____ knew that _____ of war would sell _____.
- Stories helped _____ support for _____ action
- _____, a supporter of Cuban _____, elected in _____.

Main Idea 2:

In 1898 the United States went to war with Spain in the Spanish-American War.

- USS _____ sunk in _____ on February 15, 1898
- The _____ of the _____ rallied Americans _____ Spain, though _____ may not have been _____.
- Congress passed a _____ declaring Cuba _____ and demanded that _____ leave.
- The _____ amendment was a statement by _____ saying the United States had no _____ in taking control of _____.
- Spain declared _____ on the United States.

Fighting in the Pacific

- The U.S. _____, under Commodore _____, won a quick _____ over the _____ Pacific fleet in the _____ on May 1, 1898.
- None of _____ men were _____ in battle.
- Dewey had to wait for additional _____ to be sent to _____ the Philippines.
- On August 13, U.S. _____ and _____ rebels led by Emilio Aguinaldo took _____ of the _____ capital of _____.

War in the Caribbean

- U.S. Army _____ for _____
_____ War
 - Troops had be _____—from _____ to _____
 - Did not have enough _____, bullets, or _____
 - Only a _____ number _____ in battle; many more _____ of _____.
- _____ were a group of _____
_____ commanded by _____
 - Part of U.S. _____ sent to capture _____ around main _____ forces at _____
 - _____ captured on July 1, 1898
- Spanish _____ fleet _____ on July 3, 1898
- U.S. troops invaded _____ in mid-July.
- Spain signed a _____ agreement on August 12, 1898.



Main Idea 3:

The United States gained territories in the Caribbean and the Pacific.

Territorial Gains

- The peace treaty between the United States and Spain placed _____, Cuba, and _____ under _____ control.
- Some _____ formed Anti-Imperialist League, _____ treaty and _____ of an American _____ empire
- Treaty approved in _____ by one _____ more than _____ majority needed

New U.S. Territories

Cuba

- U.S. military _____ set up
- Commission sent to _____ to fight _____
- Constitution _____ and included _____, allowing American _____ in Cuban affairs



The Philippines

- Spain surrendered _____ for _____
- Filipinos _____ against _____ control.
- Conflict _____ in _____
- Congress passed _____ in 1902